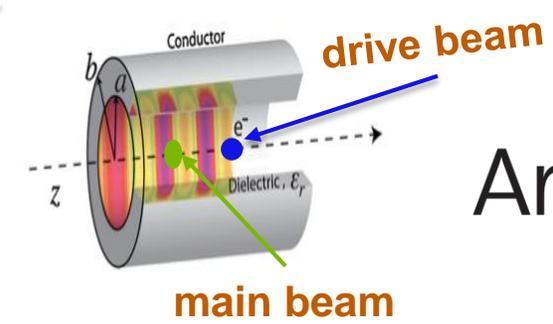


Two-Beam Acceleration (TBA)

STRUCTURE WAKEFIELD ACCELERATION



Colinear Wakefield Acceleration (CWA)



HIGH GRADIENT RESEARCH ACTIVITIES AT AWA

the short-pulse regime



JOHN POWER FOR AWA

<https://www.anl.gov/awa>

International Workshop on Breakdown Science and High Gradient Technology (HG2021) 19-21 April 2021

WHY LISTEN TO THIS TALK? (i.e. motivation)

A personnel perspective and a **VERY INCOMPLETE HISTORY** of our field:
Slow and steady progress on **THE QUEST FOR HIGH GRADIENT**

Workhorse (~10 MV/m, 1950's to 1990's)

- The SLAC Blue Book, 1968 (Richard B. Neal, Gregory Loew, Doug Dupen, Harry Hoag, Pief Panofsky)
- Linear Accelerators, 1970 (P. Lapostolle and A. Septier)
- Kilpatrick Limit (Theory); Juwen Wang & Greg Loew (SLAC, Expt)

Near term R&D (~100 MV/m, 1990's to present)

- NLC, JLC, CLIC, (SLAC, KEK, CERN)

PULSE LENGTH DEPENDENCE
(CLIC, SLAC, KEK)

Long term R&D (~GV/m??, ~2005 to the present)

- The Age of Exploration

THEORY

P. Wilson, F. Djurabekova,
Y. Ashkenazy, etc

MATERIAL

- Dielectric (AWA/Euclid)
- Metallic (Hard/Soft Copper (SLAC),
Refractory Metals (CLIC), ...)

NOVEL

PBG, Metamaterial (MIT,
SLAC, AWA, LANL)

GEOMETRY

cylindrical,
planar

TEMPERATURE

Room Temp, Cold (77 K) m Cryo (<77K)
SLAC/UCLA Top Gun

FREQUENCY

MHz, GHz, THz
(MIT/SLAC/Radiabeam)

BREAKDOWN RATE (BDR)

In order to limit luminosity loss due to this effect to less than 1%, $BDR < 3e-7$ for CLIC at 3 TeV at 100 MV/m

S. Doebert et al., PAC'05
<https://accelconf.web.cern.ch/p05/PAPERS/ROAC004.PDF>

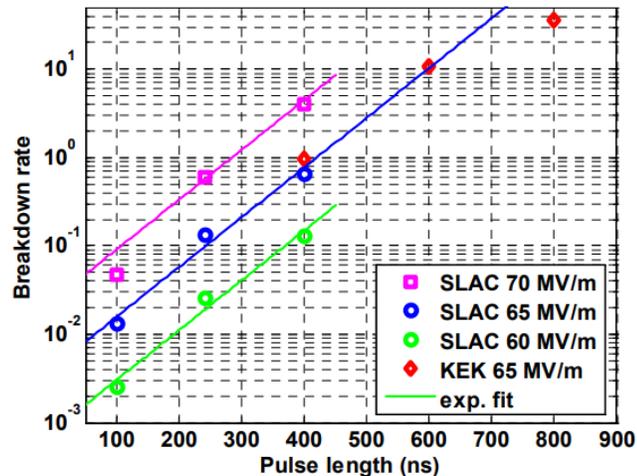
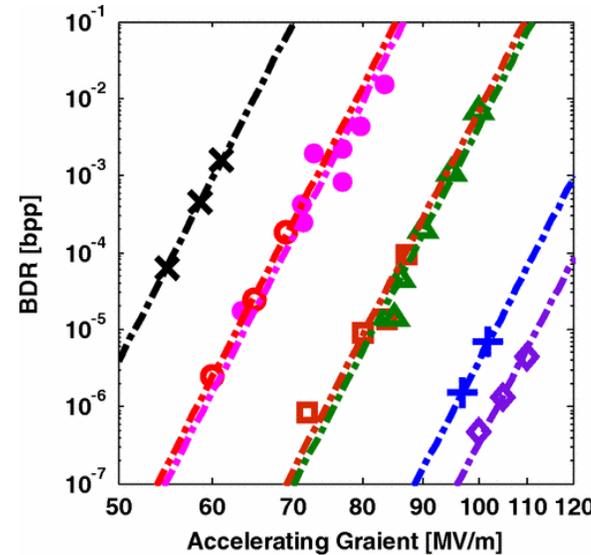


Figure 4: Pulse length dependence of the breakdown rate.

A. Grudiev, S. Calatroni, and W. Wuensch
 Phys. Rev. ST Accel. Beams 12,102001 (2009)



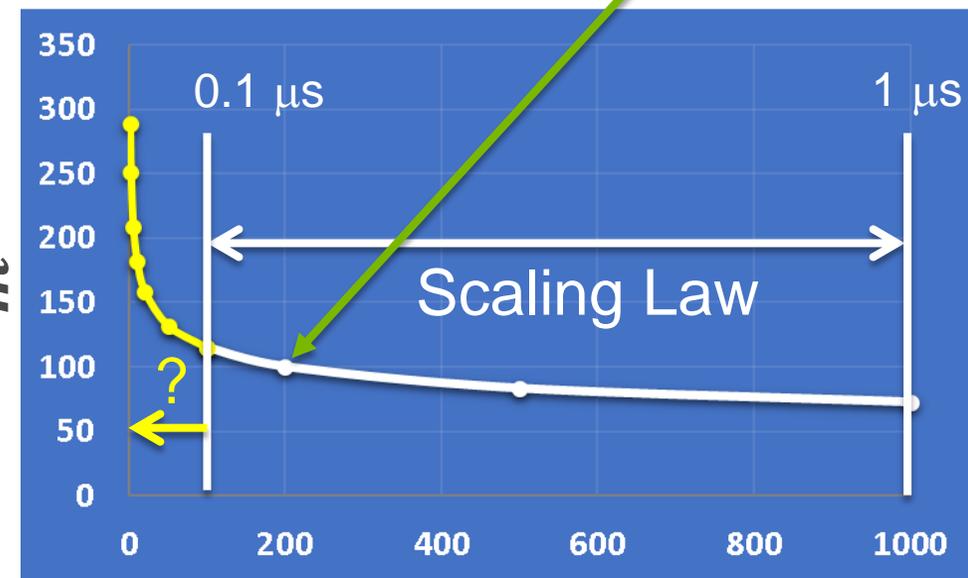
$$BDR \propto E^{30} \tau^6$$

$3e-7, 100 \text{ MV/m}, 200\text{ns}$

SHORT-PULSE REGIME

- **New physics:** Scaling law is a power-law approximation of exponential, underlying mechanism may change
- **Applications:** Challenges to operate in the short-pulse regime: efficiency, broadband couplers,, stability, etc.

$$E \left(\frac{\text{MV}}{\text{m}} \right)$$



HIGH-GRADIENT *STRUCTURE WAKEFIELD ACCELERATION* AT THE AWA FACILITY

OUTLINE

- SWFA
- AWA Facility
- **Recent R&D Highlights**
 - Exploring breakdown physics in the short-pulse regime
 - Applications in the short-pulse regime
- Summary

INTRODUCTION TO SWFA

- **Two Beam Acceleration – TBA**
- **Collinear Wakefield Acceleration - CWA**



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

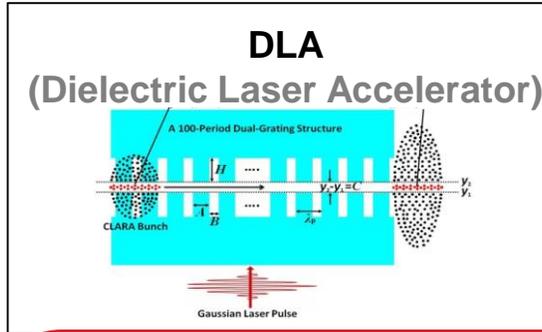
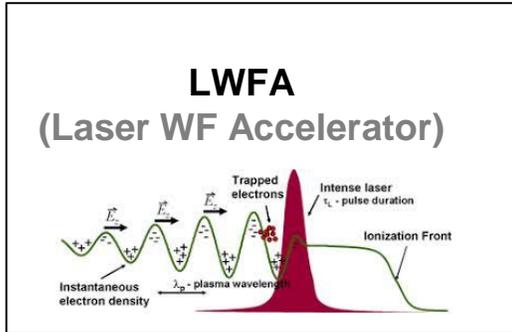
Argonne National Laboratory is a
U.S. Department of Energy laboratory
managed by UChicago Argonne, LLC.

STRUCTURE WAKEFIELD ACCELERATION (SWFA) – CONTEXT

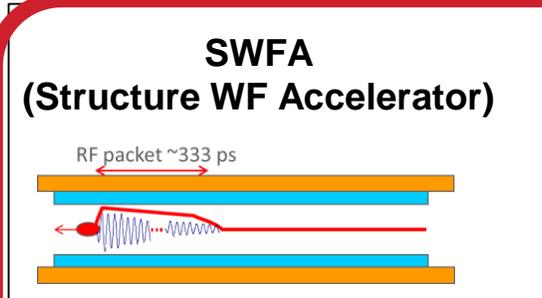
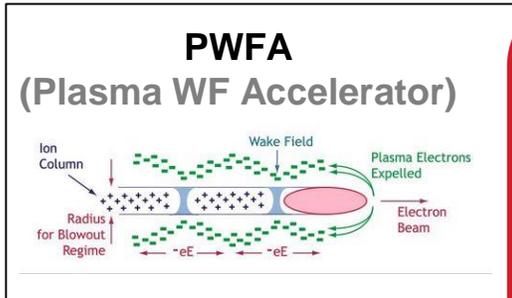
Advanced Acceleration Concepts

Energy Source

Laser pulse



Beam driven



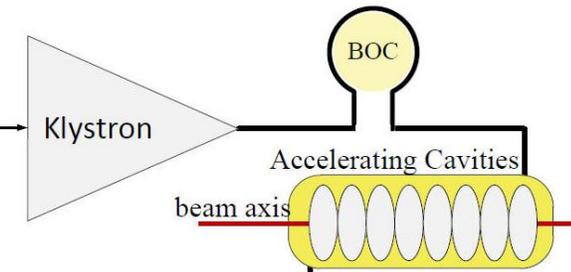
Plasma

Structure

Medium

Externally Driven RF Acceleration Structures

RF Driven



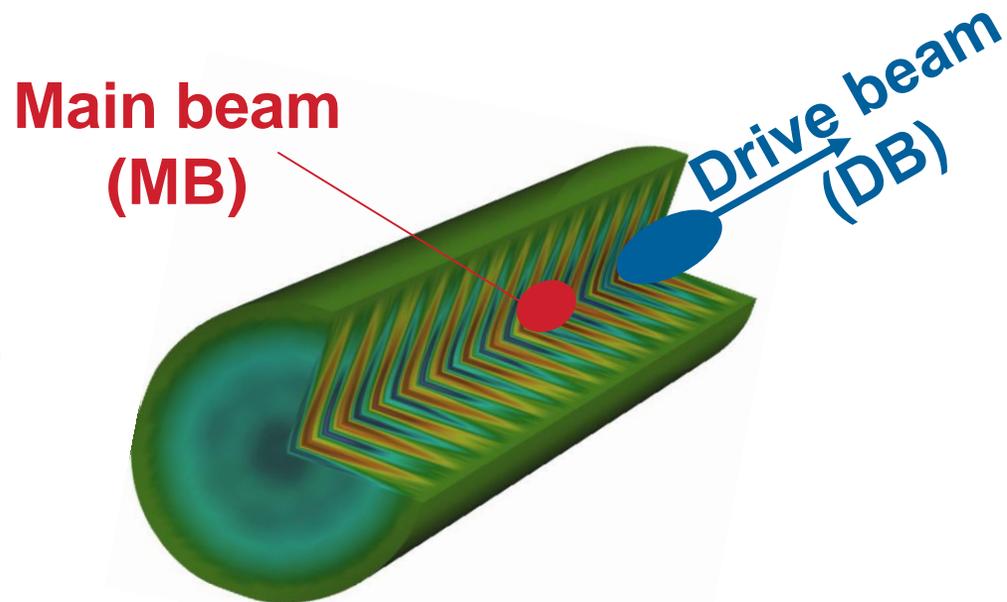
Structure

Note: there are many overlaps between beam-driven and RF structures.

SWFA OVERVIEW

KEY ≡ Beams & Structures

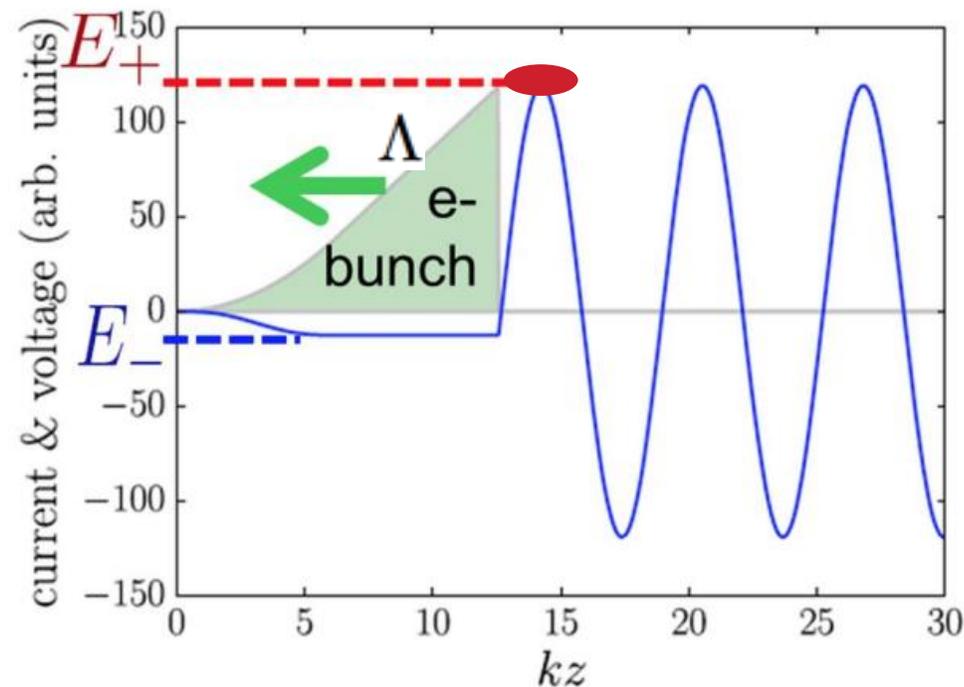
- **Drive bunch** excites EM wave in a slow-wave structure
- Wakefield is used to accelerate properly delayed trailing **main bunch**



$$E_z(\zeta) = \int_{-\infty}^{\zeta} \Lambda(\zeta - \zeta') \sum_{n,m} w_n^{(m)} \cos(k_n^{(m)} \zeta') d\zeta'$$

Drive Bunch distribution

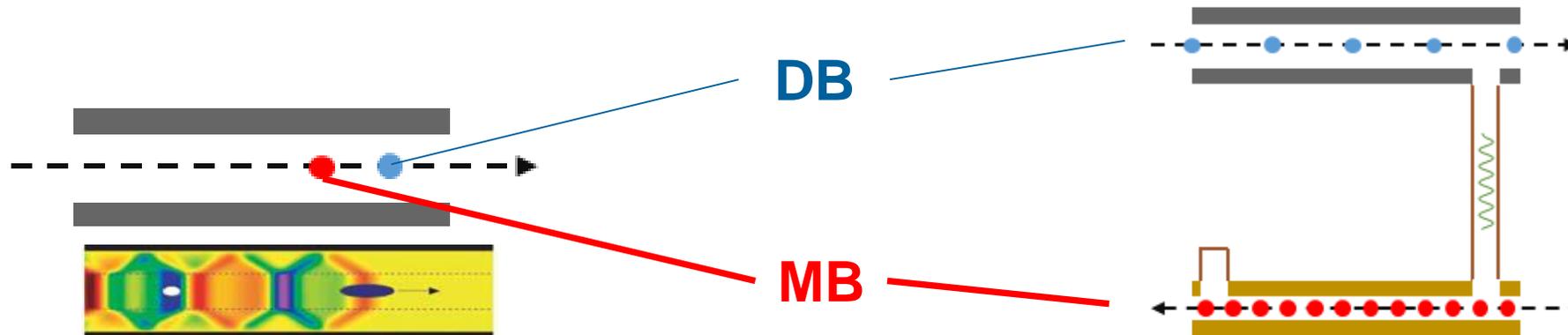
Structure Modes



ELECTRON BEAM DRIVEN SFWA

Collinear Wakefield Acceleration

Two Beam Acceleration



PWFA-like

CWA uses single beamline

- **Pros**
 - Cheaper? One beamline, One structure, No couplers
- **Cons**
 - Challenges associated with combined beam dynamics of drive and witness bunches.

RF driven -like

TBA uses two parallel beamlines

- **Pros**
 - Decoupled drive/main beam optics design
 - Two different structures allow simultaneous high gradient and high efficiency acceleration
- **Cons**
 - Cost?

A. Zholents, et al, *NIMA* **829**, 190-193 (2016)

A. Zholents, et al, *Proceedings of IPAC2018*

CLIC CDR: https://project-clic-cdr.web.cern.ch/CDR_Volume1.pdf

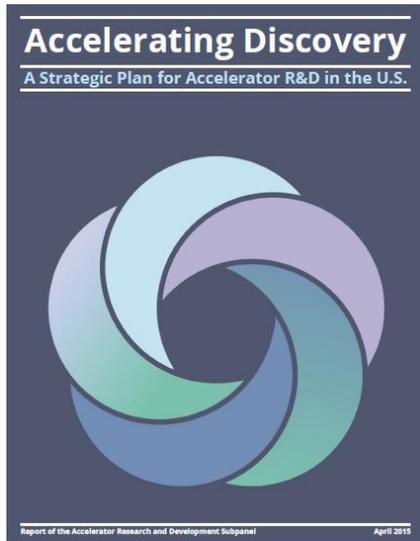
W. Gai, C. Jing, J.G. Power, *JPP* **78**, 339-345 (2012)

THE *ARGONNE WAKEFIELD ACCELERATOR* TEST FACILITY



AWA/SWFA PARTICIPATION IN GLOBAL ACCELERATOR R&D

2015: General Accelerator R&D in U.S.

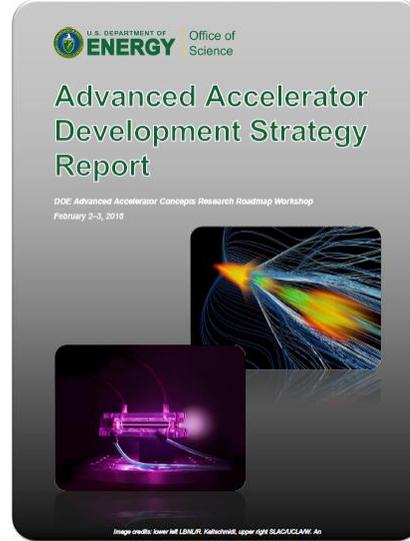


-- AWA facility at ANL has been built to demonstrate the **two-beam concept** and key technologies of wakefield generation by high-charge beams

-- at 200 MV/m to 400 MV/m gradients in the frequency range of 20 GHz to 60 GHz.

https://science.osti.gov/-/media/hep/hepap/pdf/Reports/Accelerator_RD_Subpanel_Report.pdf?la=en&hash=06D02916CED66F6C5B48CF8FA649A32AFA0547C8

2016: Advanced Accelerator Concepts Roadmap in U.S.

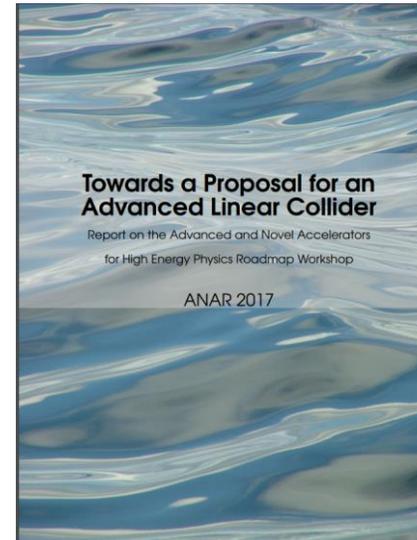


-- AWA facility was transformed into a flexible, state-of-the-art LC testbed.

-- **DOE Target:** LC operating at gradient of 300 MeV/m and powered by gigawatt-scale, short RF pulse (20 ns)

<https://www.osti.gov/biblio/1358081>

2017: ANAR Workshop: Application of AAC to Global HEP

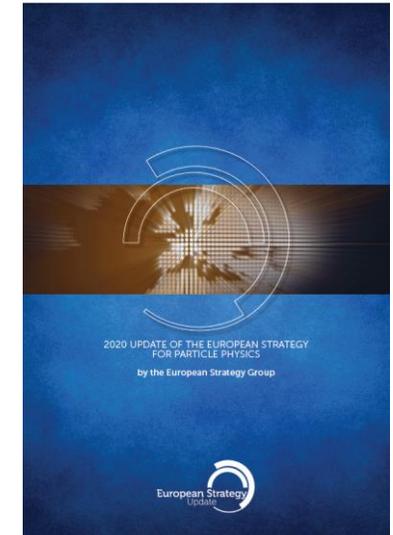


-- SWFA's have primarily focused on GHz-scale TBA configuration

-- More recently, structures utilizing different materials, geometries, and higher frequencies

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/1901.10370.pdf>

2020: The European Strategy Group. (for particle physics.)



-- Plasma wakefield acceleration and other high-gradient accelerating structures,

-- The European particle physics community must intensify accelerator R&D and sustain it with adequate resources.

<https://home.cern/sites/home.web.cern.ch/files/2020-06/2020%20Update%20European%20Strategy.pdf>

AWA R&D PROGRAM

Electron Source

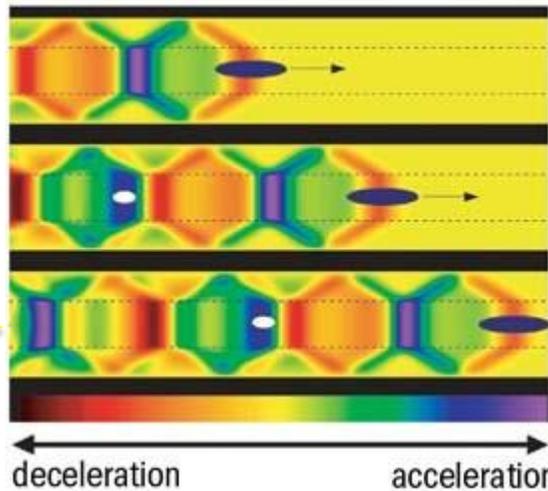
Advanced Accelerator Concept

Beam Physics

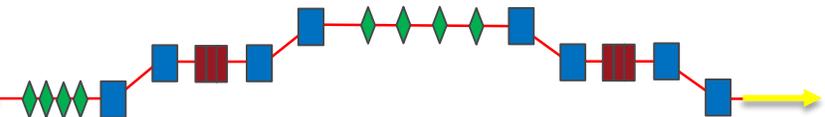


APPLICATION

SWFA

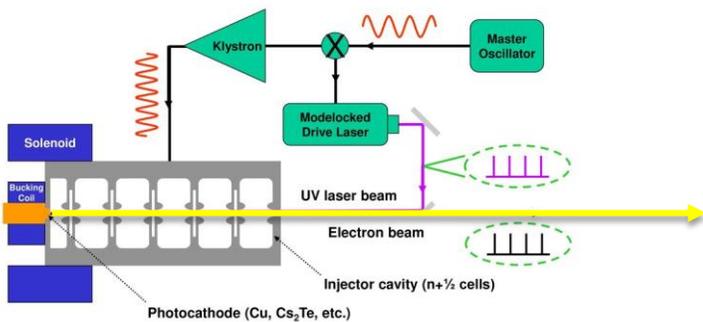


Double Emittance Exchange



Beam manipulation
Beam Diagnostics

RF Photoinjector



High brightness
electron source,
novel cathodes

High-gradient & high-
efficiency SWFA &
PWFA acceleration

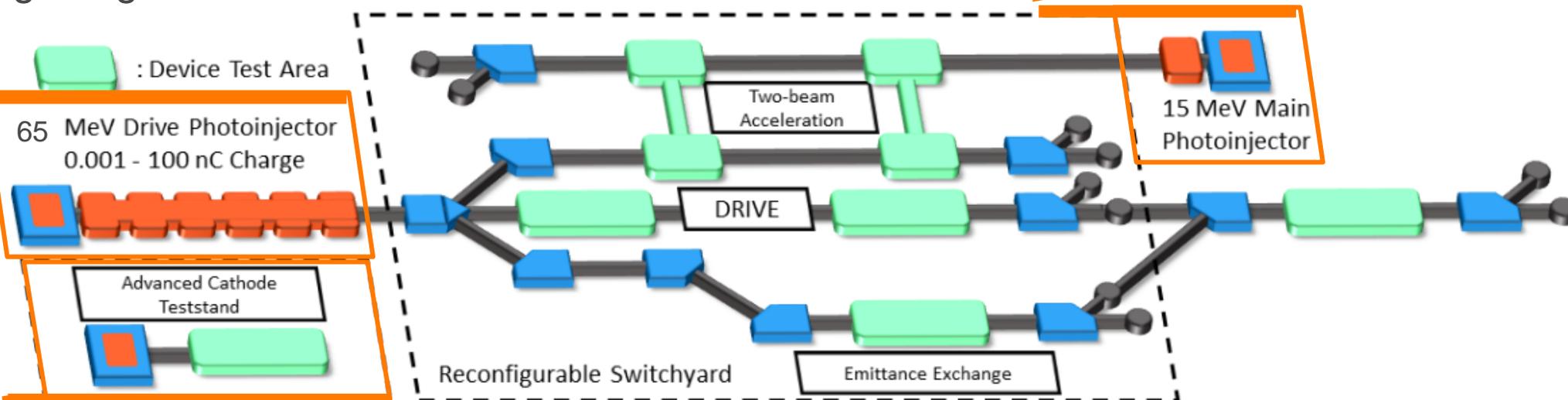
3x 1300 MHz RF photocathode guns

DRIVE

- 65-MeV Drive photoinjector (Cs₂Te) linac
- World's highest-charge (e.g. 100 nC) photoinjector
- High brightness low-Q beams

WITNESS

- 15 MeV photoinjector linac
- Produces bright beam acceleration
- Supports low-energy experiments

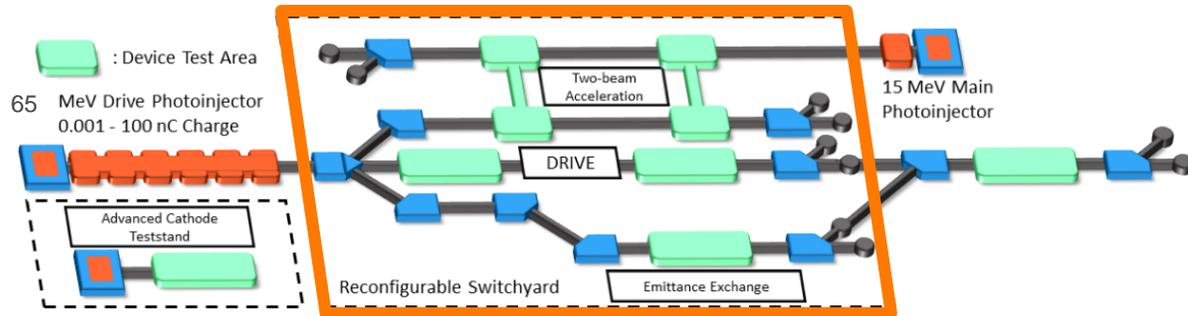


ACT

- 1-5 MeV RF gun
- dedicated Argonne Cathode Test stand (photocathode and field emission research)
- physics of breakdown & diagnostics tests

Experimental Switchyard

THE AWA FACILITY



Experimental Switchyard

UNIQUE FACILITY CAPABILITIES

World's Highest Charge Photoinjector

- 0.1-100nC single bunch
- 8 x 75 nC (600 nC) bunch trains (= 42 J)
- 25 kAmp directly out of gun

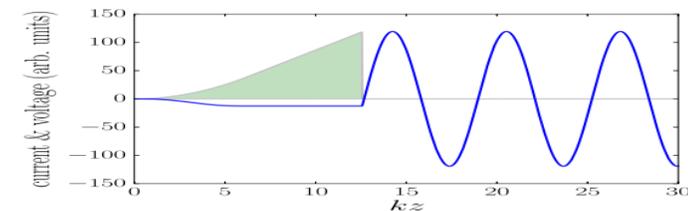
Independent Drive and Witness Beamlines

Dedicated Cathode Test Stand

Reconfigurable Switchyard (4 Zones)

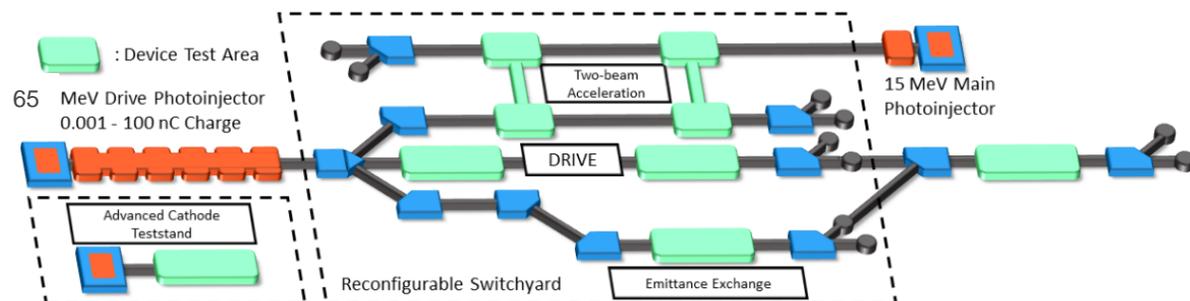
6D phase space manipulation

- World's only EEX beamline + Flat-beam transformer
- Arbitrarily shaped longitudinal profile available



- Single-shot LPS and TPS diagnostics

THE AWA FACILITY



RESEARCH AREAS

Beam-driven wakefield acceleration

- Structure Wakefield Acceleration (SWFA)
 - Collinear Wakefield Acceleration (CWA)
 - Two-Beam Acceleration (TBA)
- Plasma Wakefield Acceleration (PWFA)

Accelerator and Beam Physics

- 6D phase space manipulation
- Electron cooling
- Novel diagnostics (Single-shot, AI/ML Virtual, etc.)

RF Acceleration Technology

- 100's MV/m NCRF short-pulse structures
- 100's MW NCRF short-pulse power source

Electron sources

- Photo and field emission. High brightness beams.

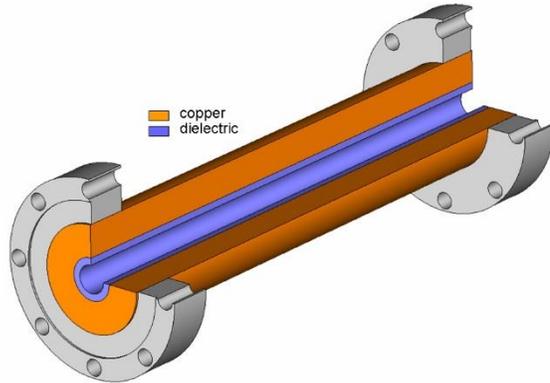
Machine Learning

- ML for machine control, virtual diagnostics and physics

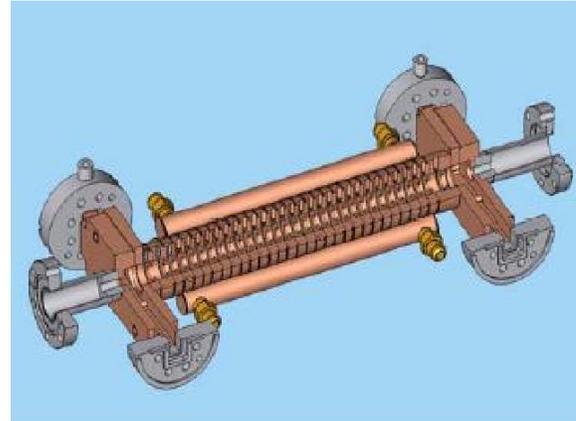
THE ARGONNE WAKEFIELD ACCELERATOR FACILITY

Structure Development

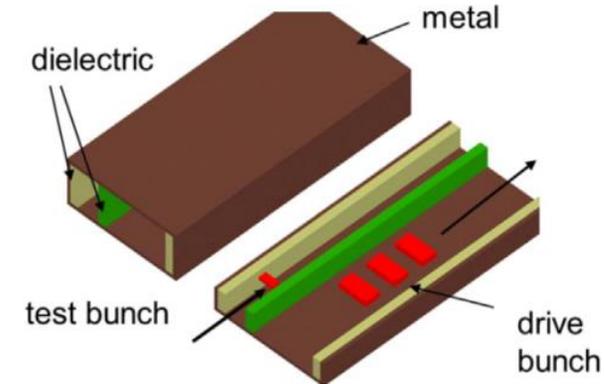
Dielectric loaded structures



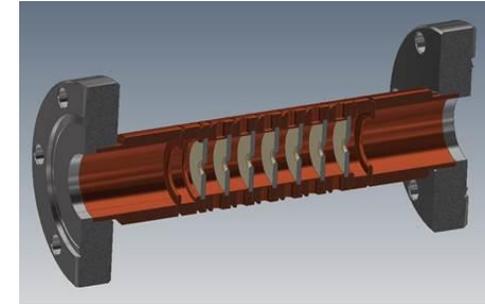
Iris loaded structures



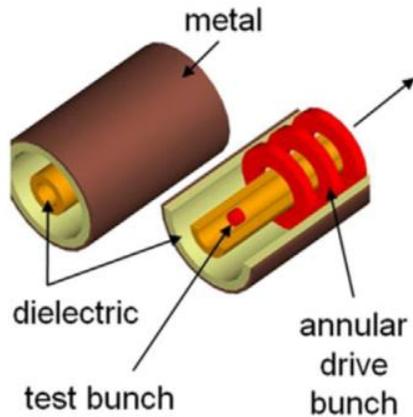
2-channel rectangular dielectric



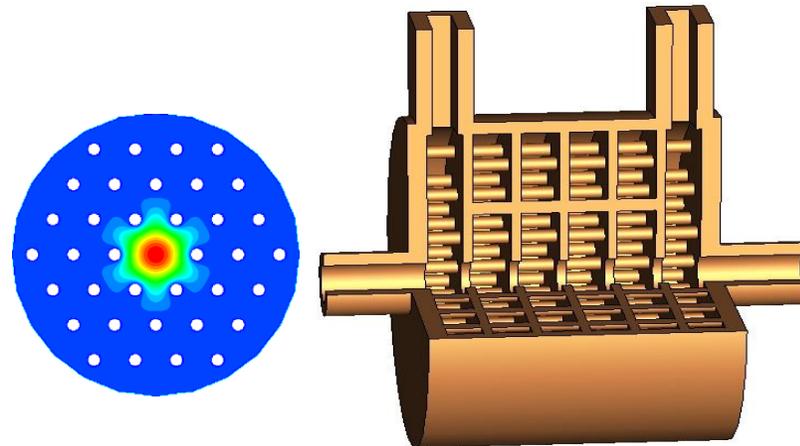
Dielectric disk accelerator



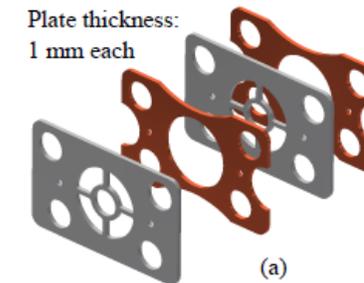
Coaxial dielectric



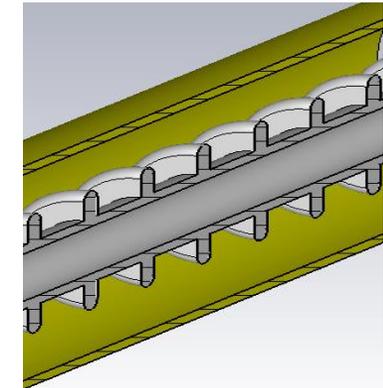
Photonic band gap structures



Meta/left-handed structures

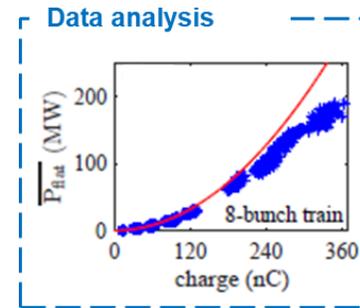
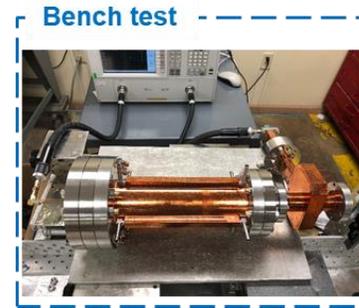
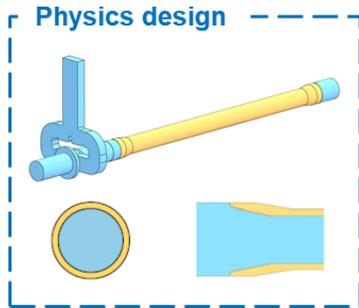


Cryogenic Dielectric Corrugated accelerator

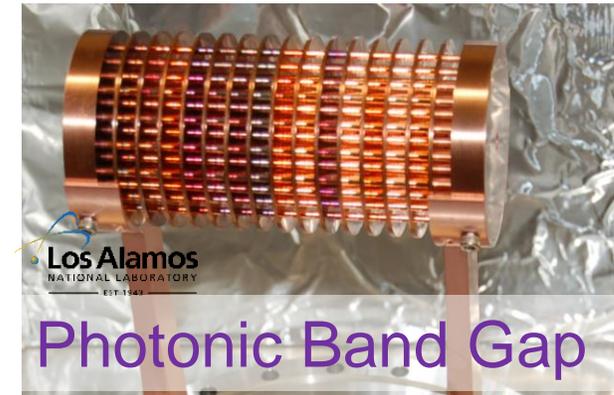
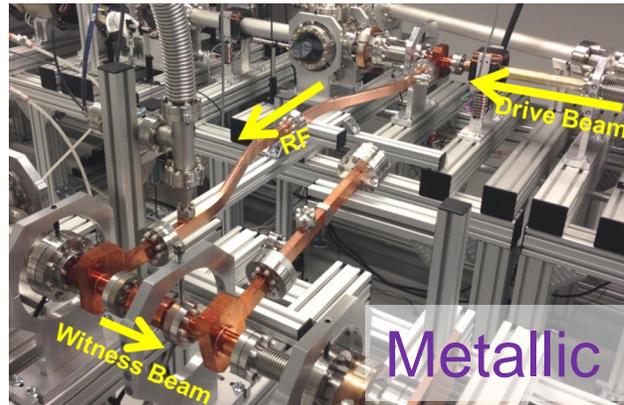
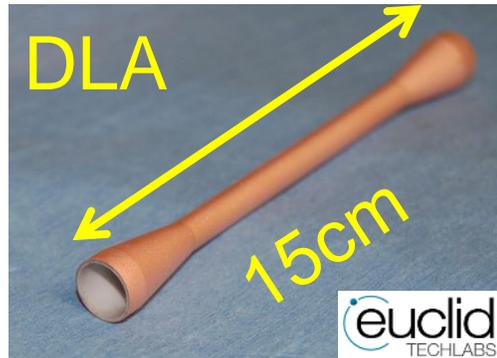


THE ARGONNE WAKEFIELD ACCELERATOR FACILITY

RF Structure R&D: Design-to-beam test available



Examples



← all preliminary results →

HIGH-GRADIENT SWFA RECENT PROGRESS IN THE *SHORT-PULSE REGIME*

1. Breakdown Insensitive regime
2. 400 MV/m & low-dark current RF TW photocathode gun
3. 500 MW PETS

1. BREAKDOWN INSENSITIVE HIGH GRADIENT REGIME

IN THE *SHORT-PULSE REGIME*



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

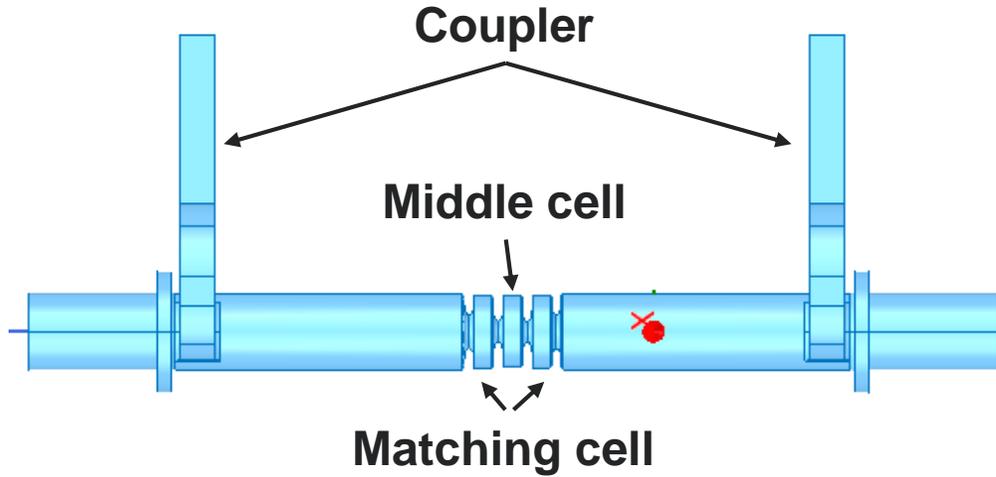
Argonne National Laboratory is a
U.S. Department of Energy laboratory
managed by UChicago Argonne, LLC.



BREAKDOWN INSENSITIVE HIGH-GRADIENT REGIME

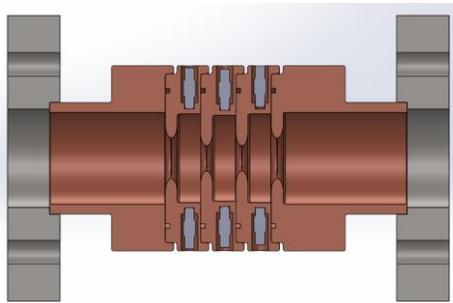
in the short-pulse regime

Design and optimization

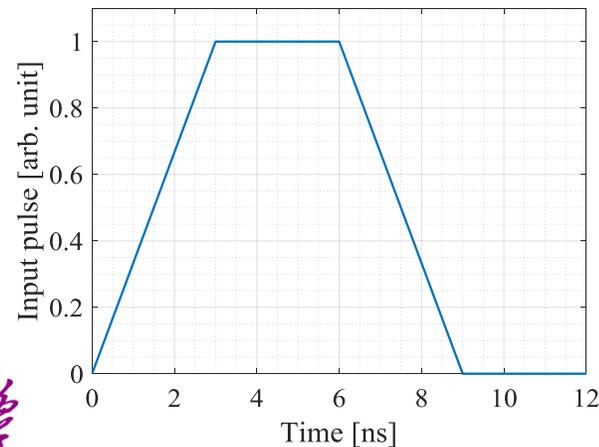


Parameters	Value	Unit
Frequency	11.7001	GHz
2a	6.1	mm
2b	20.914	mm
t	2.9	mm
Cell length	8.5411	mm
Phase advance per cell	$2\pi/3$	
Filling time	2.506	ns
Group velocity	0.0114	c
Gradient @ 500 MW input	389	MV/m
Q	6072.5	
r/Q	14047.9	Ω/m
Es/Ea	1.59	
Hs/Ea	3	mA/V
Sc/Ea ²	0.121	mA/V

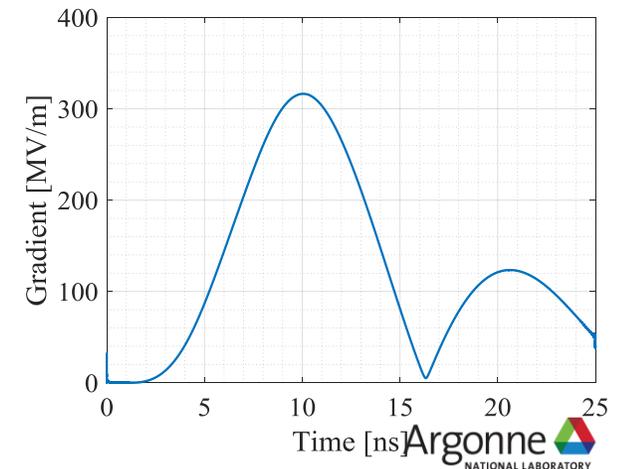
Mechanical design



Input pulse

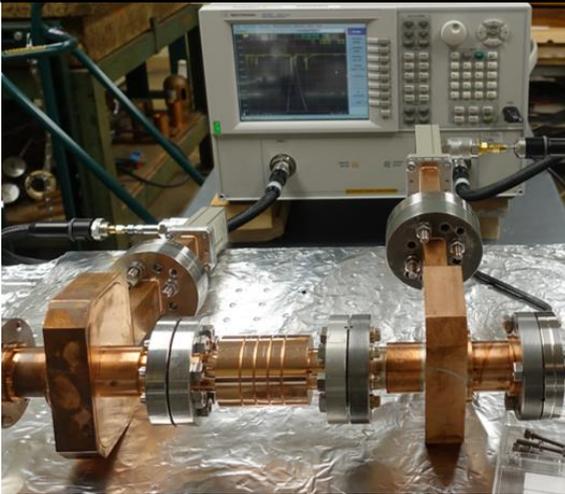


Gradient

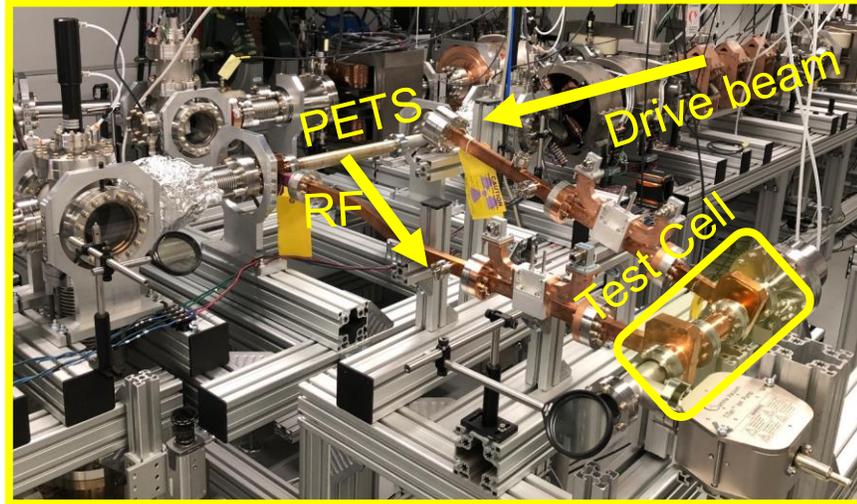


BREAKDOWN INSENSITIVE HIGH-GRADIENT REGIME in the short-pulse regime

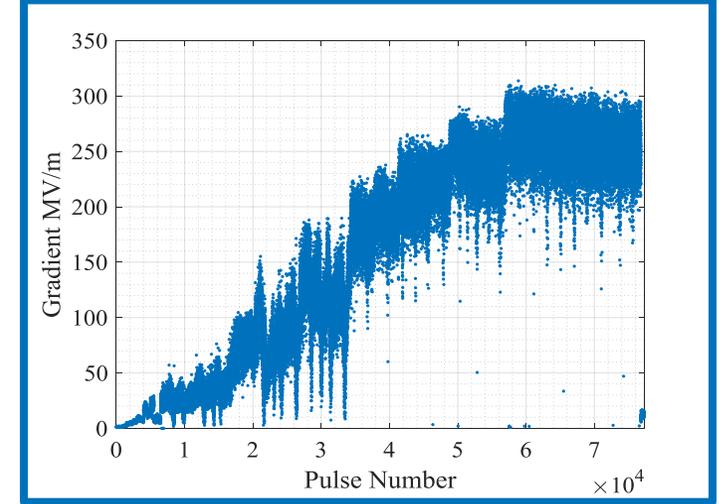
Cold test



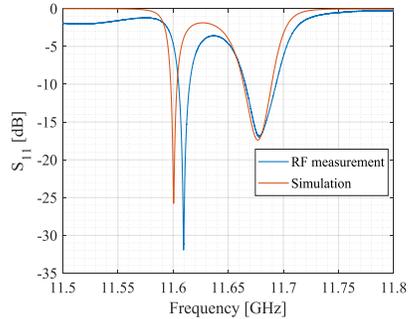
High power test setup



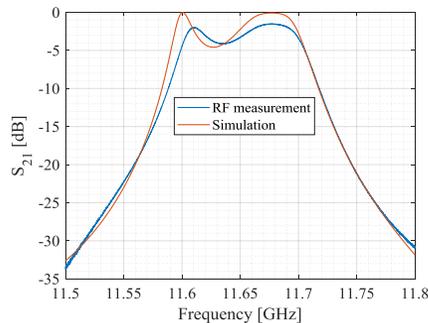
Conditioning history



Reflection



Transmission



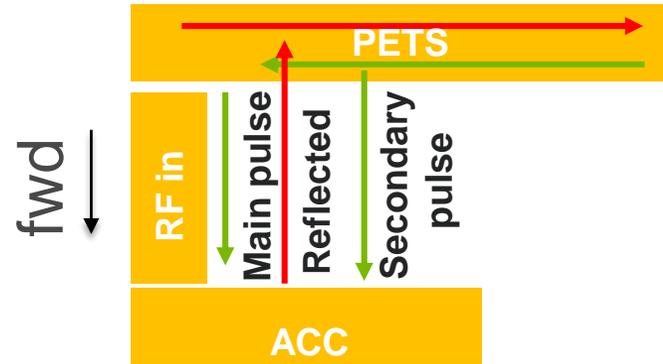
- 400 MW RF power generated from PETS with 450 nC drive beam
- 300 MeV/m gradient in the middle cell, ~500 MV/m peak surface field

BREAKDOWN INSENSITIVE HIGH GRADIENT REGIME

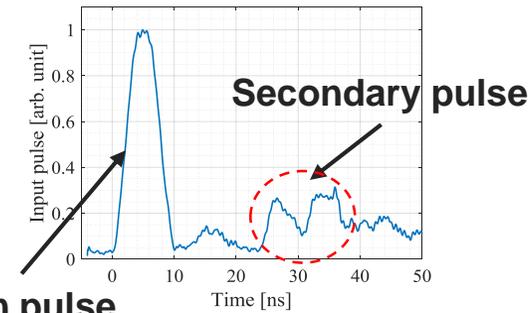
in the short-pulse regime

data analysis of RF traces

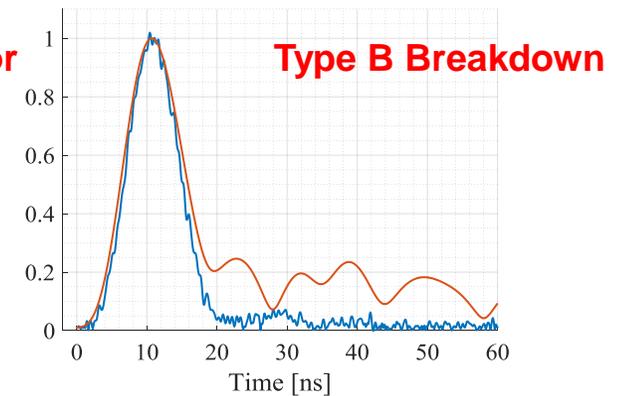
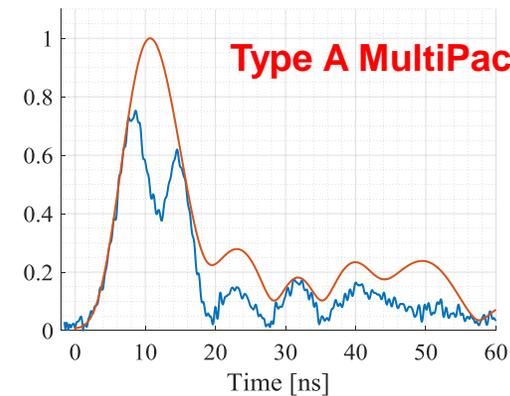
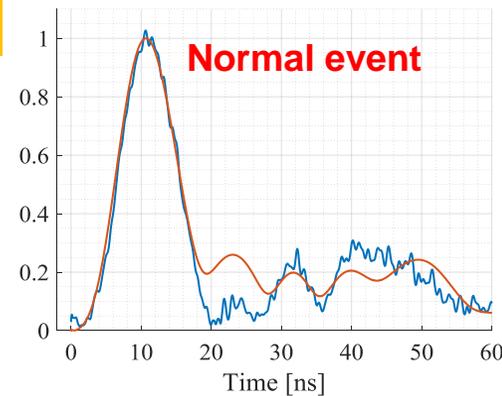
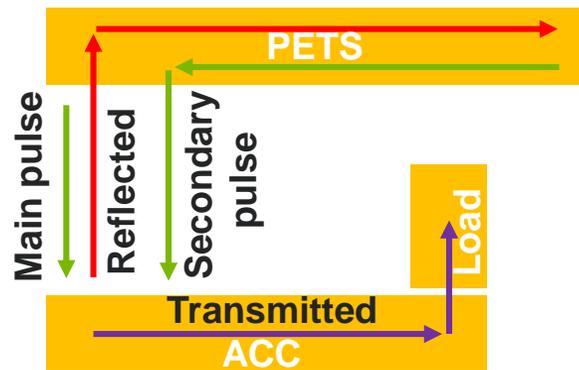
1. Typical input pulse



Typical input pulse (fwd)

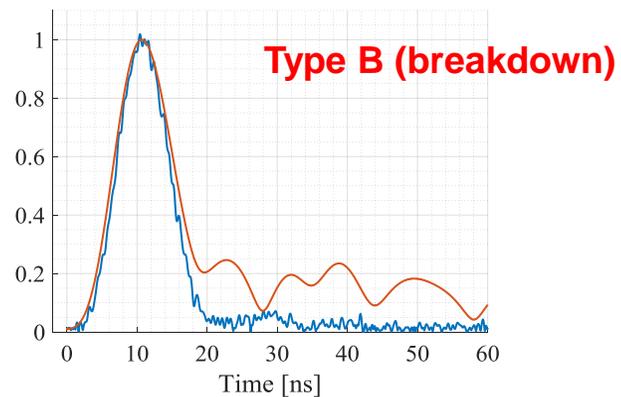
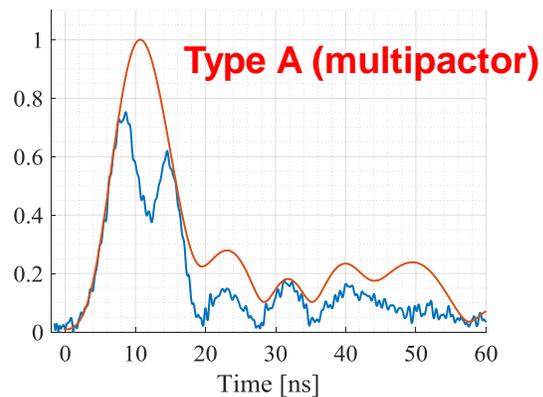
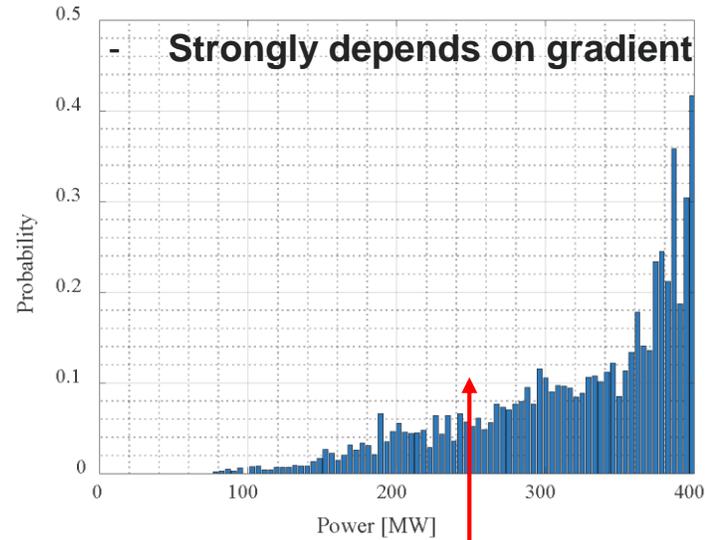
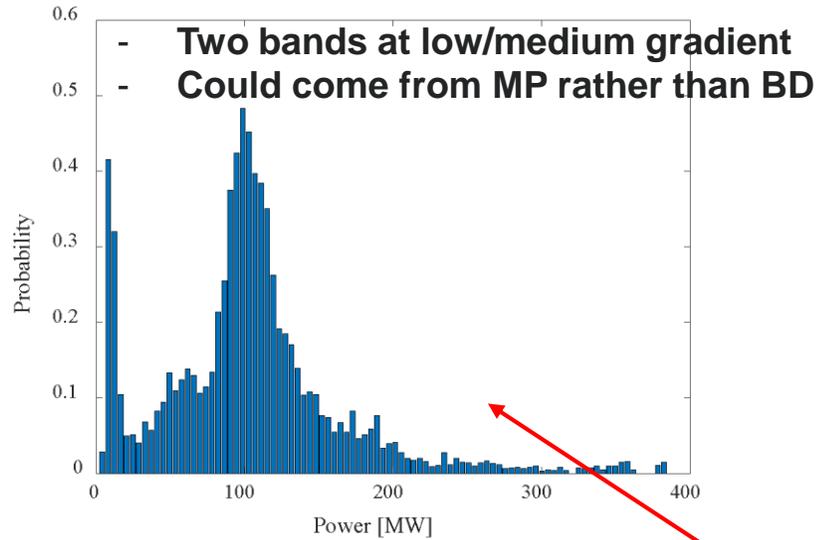


2. 3 types of transmitted pulses



BREAKDOWN INSENSITIVE HIGH GRADIENT REGIME in the short-pulse regime

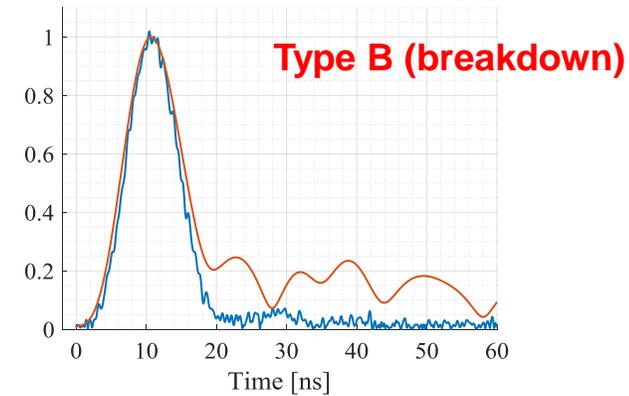
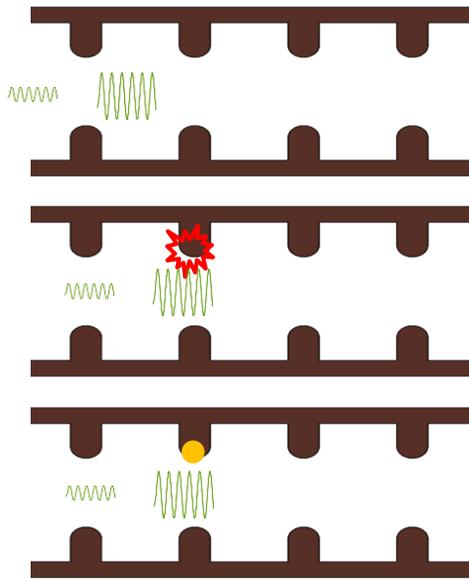
Statistics of Type A and B pulses



Note: strange type of BD event, no collapse of RF pulse. **What is the explanation?**

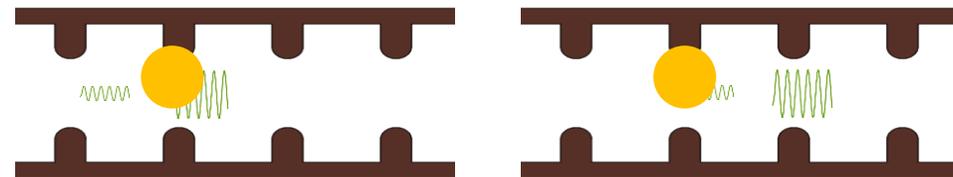
BREAKDOWN INSENSITIVE HIGH GRADIENT REGIME in the short-pulse regime

Why is the main pulse not impacted by breakdown?



Ion speed in cold plasma explosion: 10^{4-5} m/s

Time to move 1 mm: at the order of 10 ns



V. Ziemann, *NIMA* **575**, 539 (2007)

M. Johnson et al, *NIMA* **595**, 568 (2008)

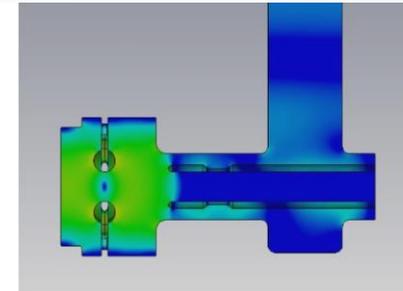
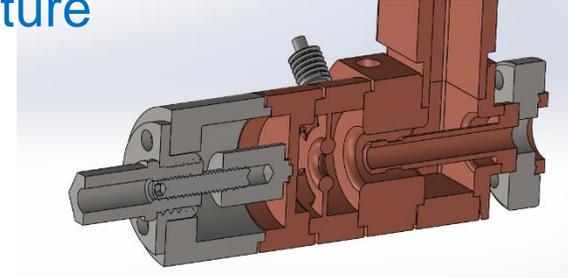
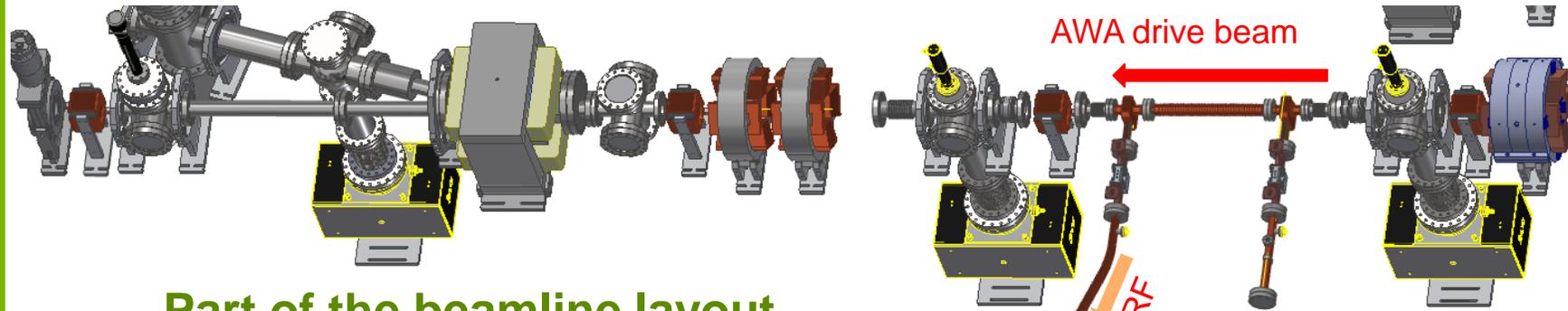
Can we accelerate in this regime?

2. HIGH-GRADIENT & LOW-DARK CURRENT TRAVELING WAVE PHOTOCATHODE GUN

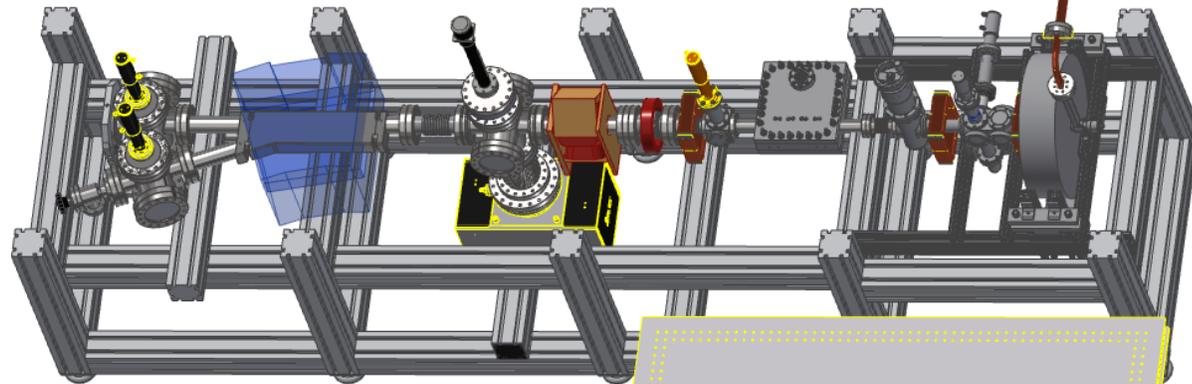
IN THE *SHORT-PULSE REGIME*

2. TRAVELING WAVE PHOTOCATHODE GUN in the short-pulse regime

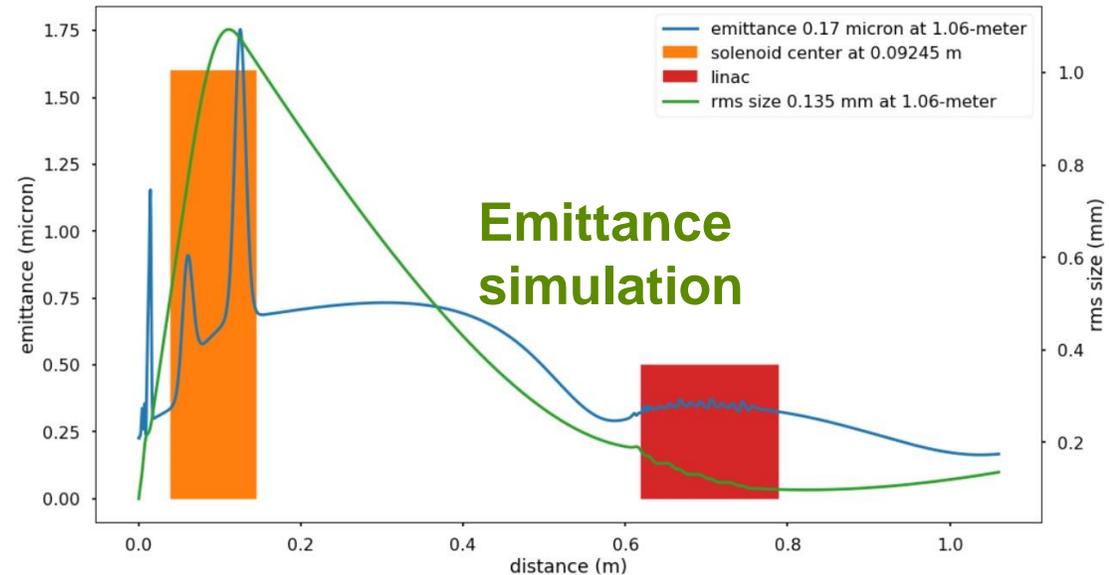
- Ultrashort RF pulse → unprecedented 400MV/m of gradient at room temperature
- <200nm emittance at 100pC
- Ultrashort RF pulse → unprecedented low dark current



Part of the beamline layout

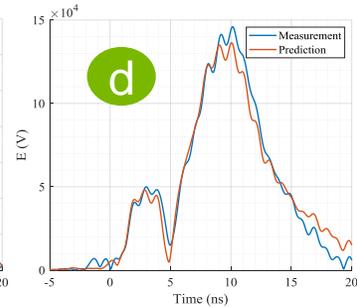
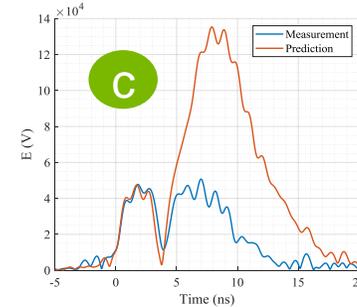
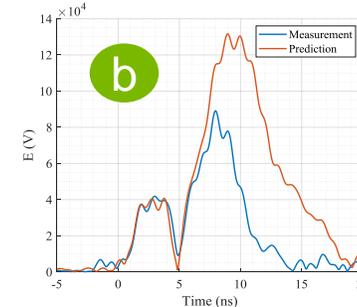
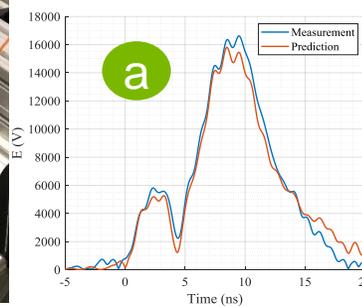
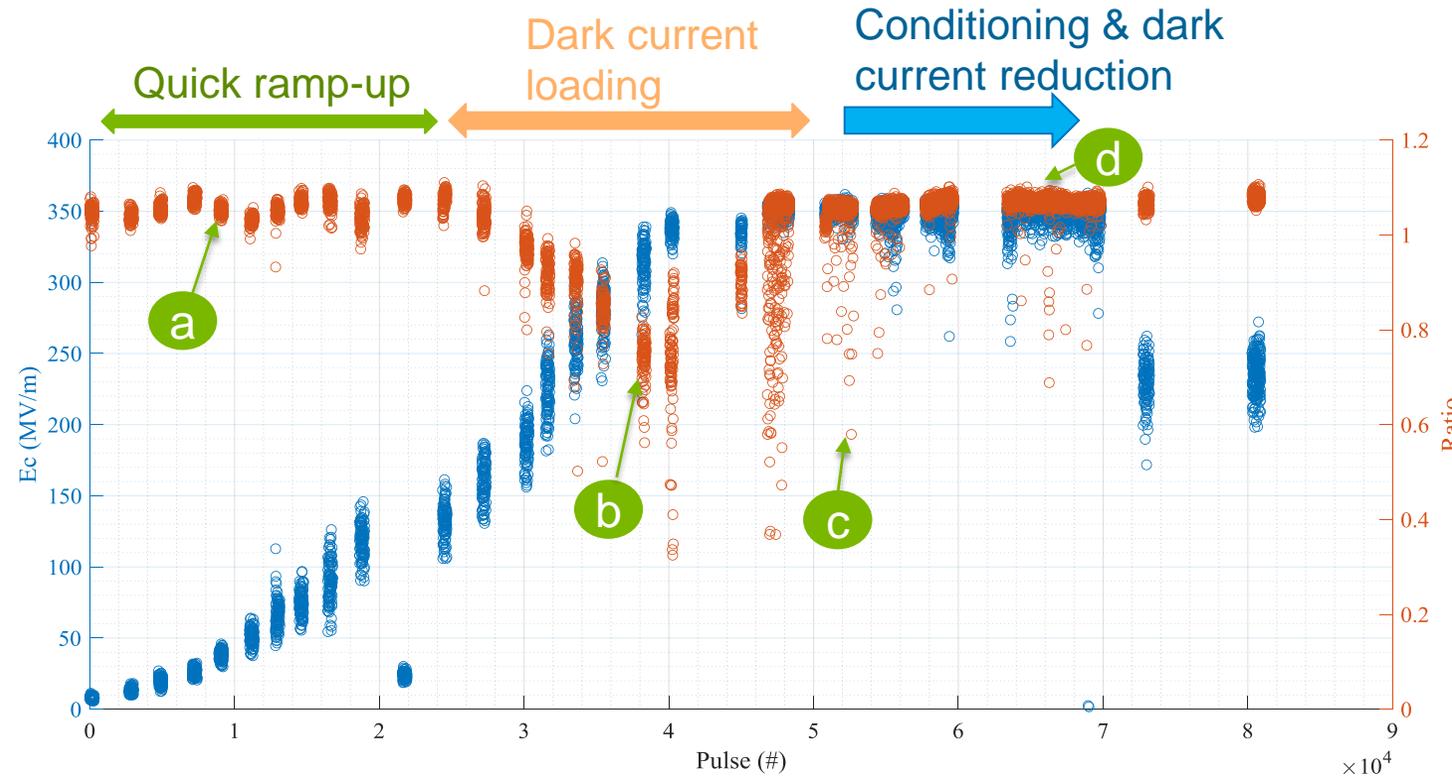
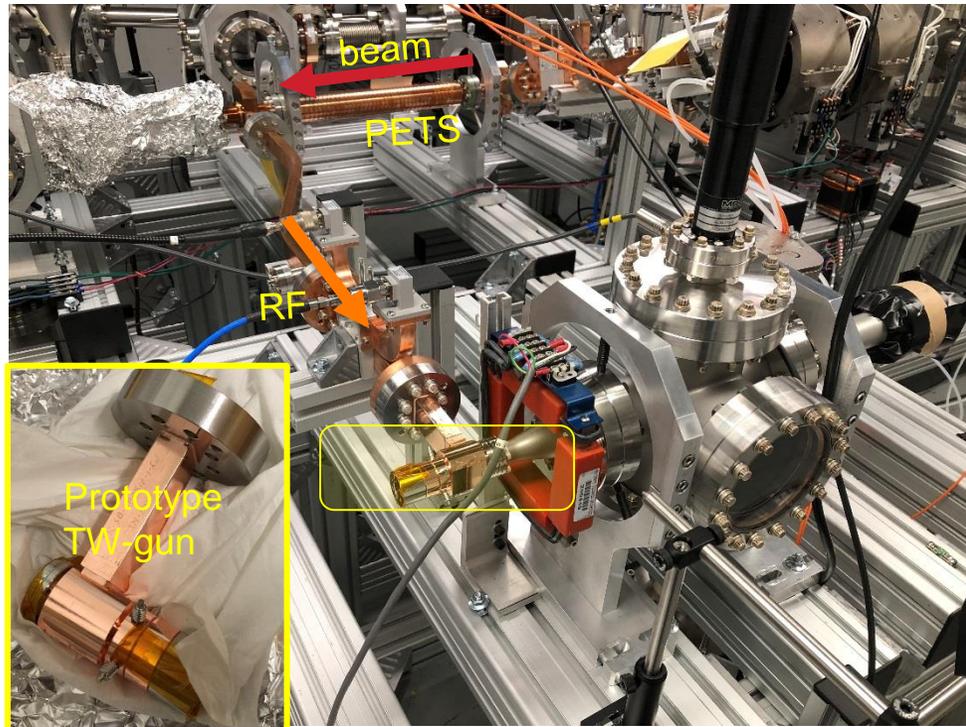


For laser optics



BREAKDOWN TEST OF A PROTOTYPE GUN AT AWA (20020)

- Achieved 350MV/m on cathode
- Observed strong dark current loading regime but quickly conditioned away
- It only took 70k pulses for a full condition
- Back to 200MV/m to 250MV/m region, no breakdown, no measurable dark current



Reflection signal from bi-directional coupler

3. 500 MW METAMATERIAL POWER EXTRACTOR

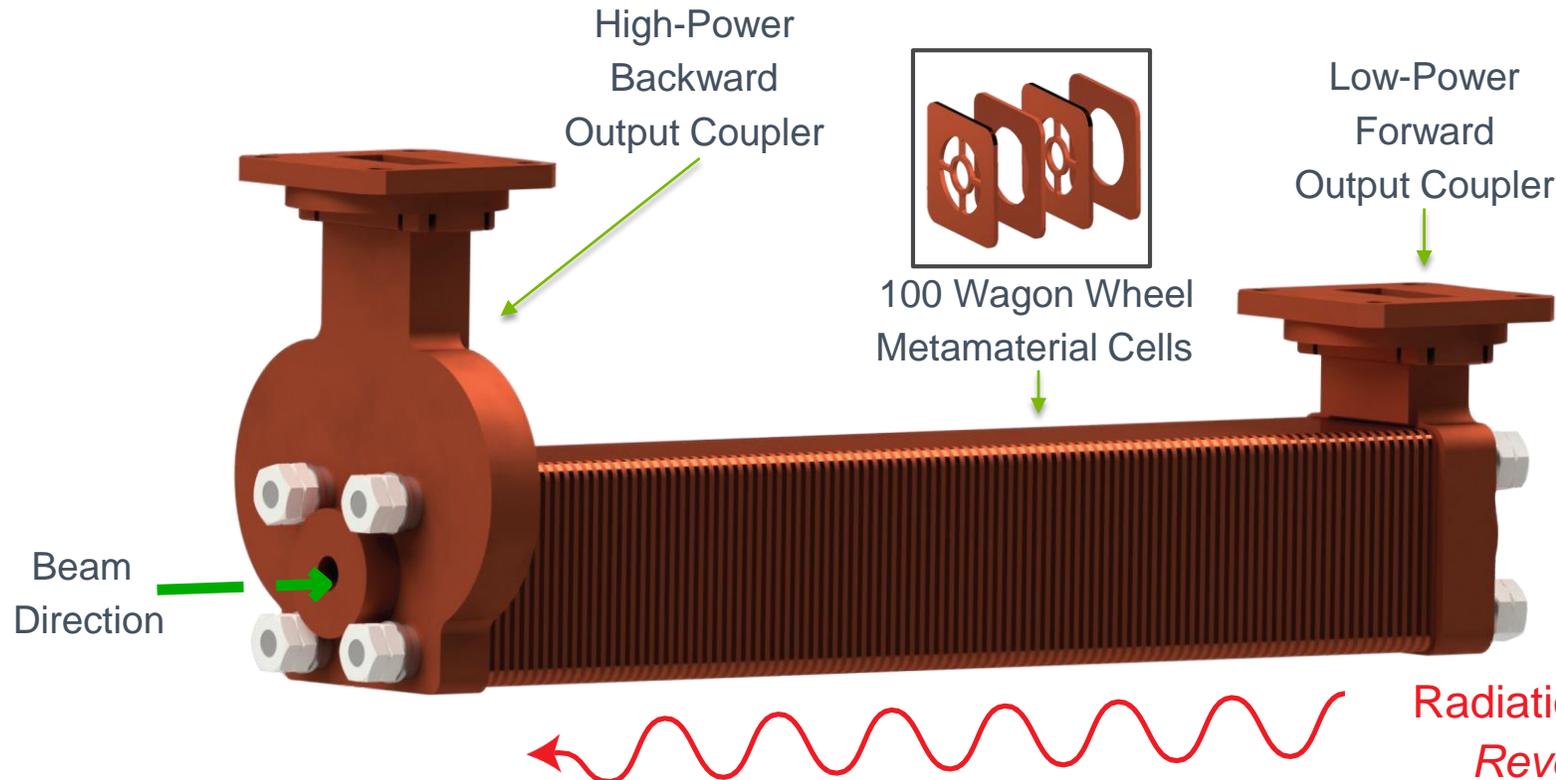
IN THE *SHORT-PULSE REGIME*

3. METAMATERIAL POWER EXTRACTOR in the short-pulse regime

MTM Generation 3: Experimental Design Improvements

- All-copper construction (Generation 2 used stainless)
- Symmetric high-power output coupler design
- Treatment of plates to mitigate breakdown risk

See Talk by Julian Picard on Wednesday.

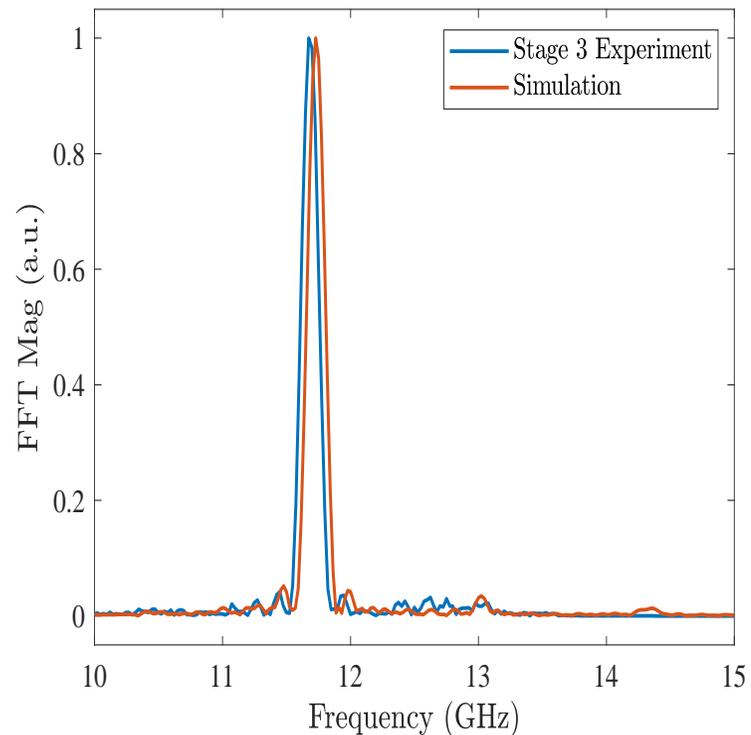
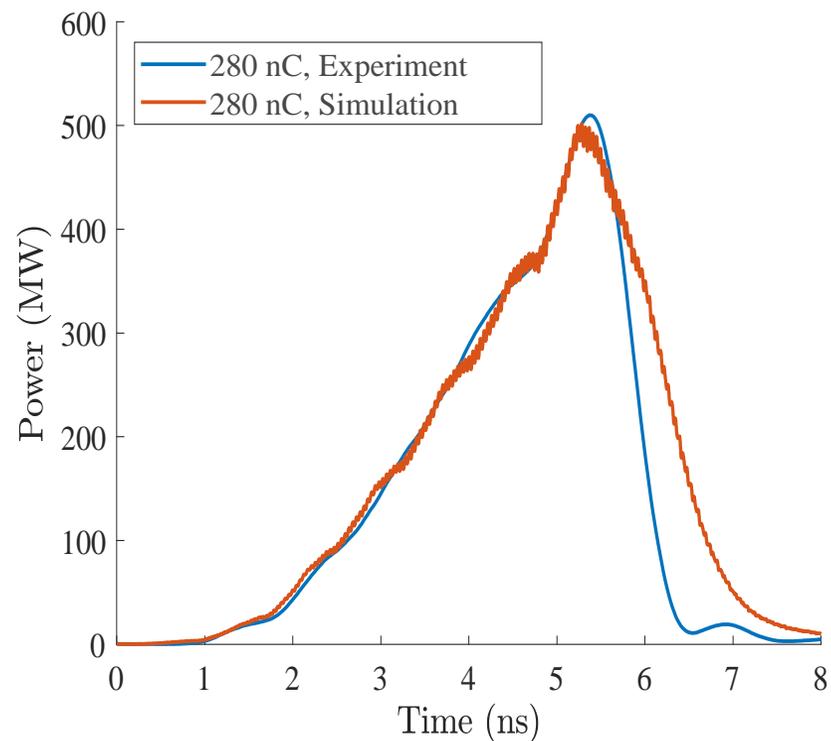


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METAMATERIAL POWER EXTRACTOR

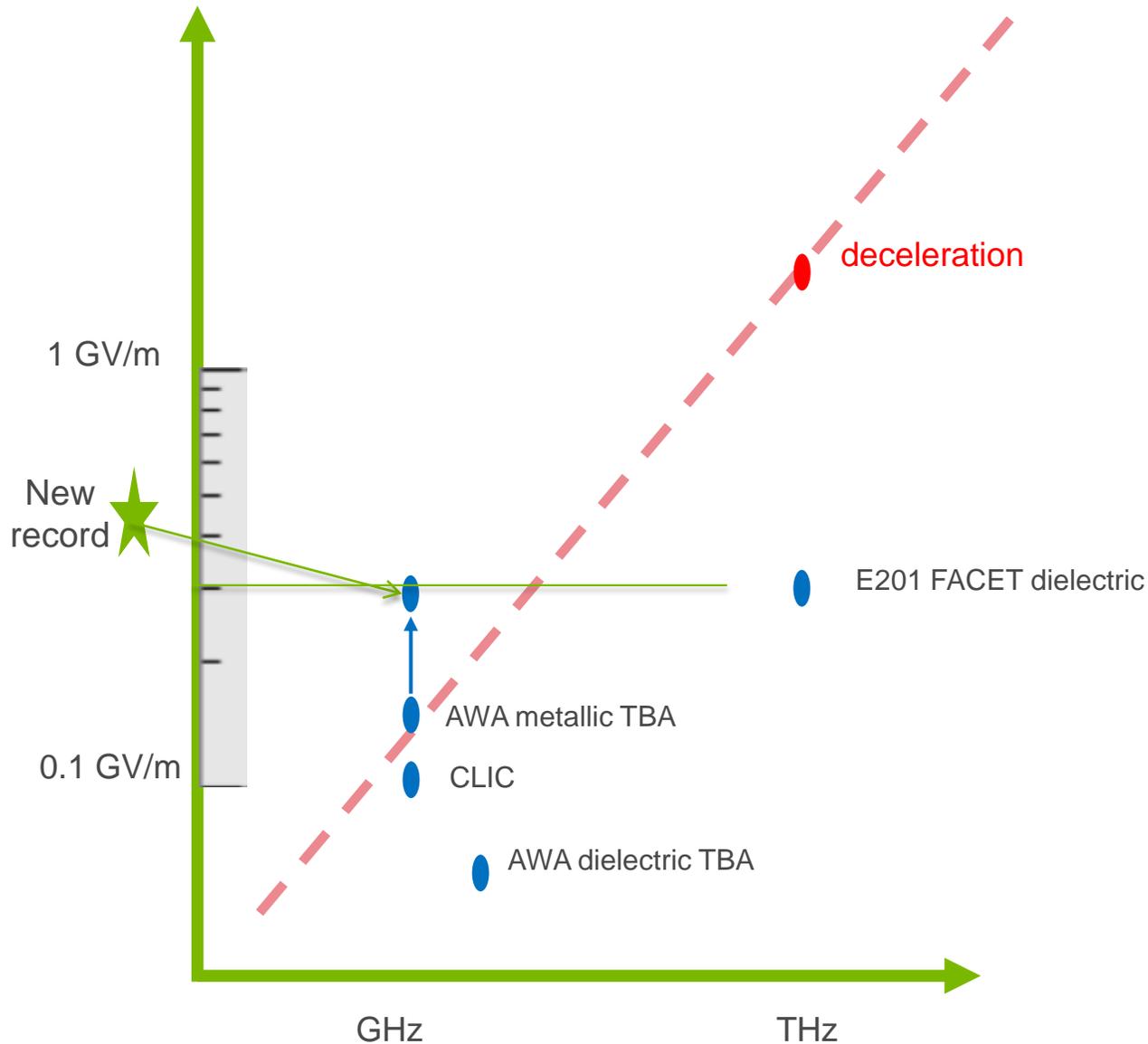
Stage 3 Experimental Results

- 510 MW achieved at the design frequency of 11.7 GHz from an eight bunch train with 280 nC total charge with no breakdowns observed

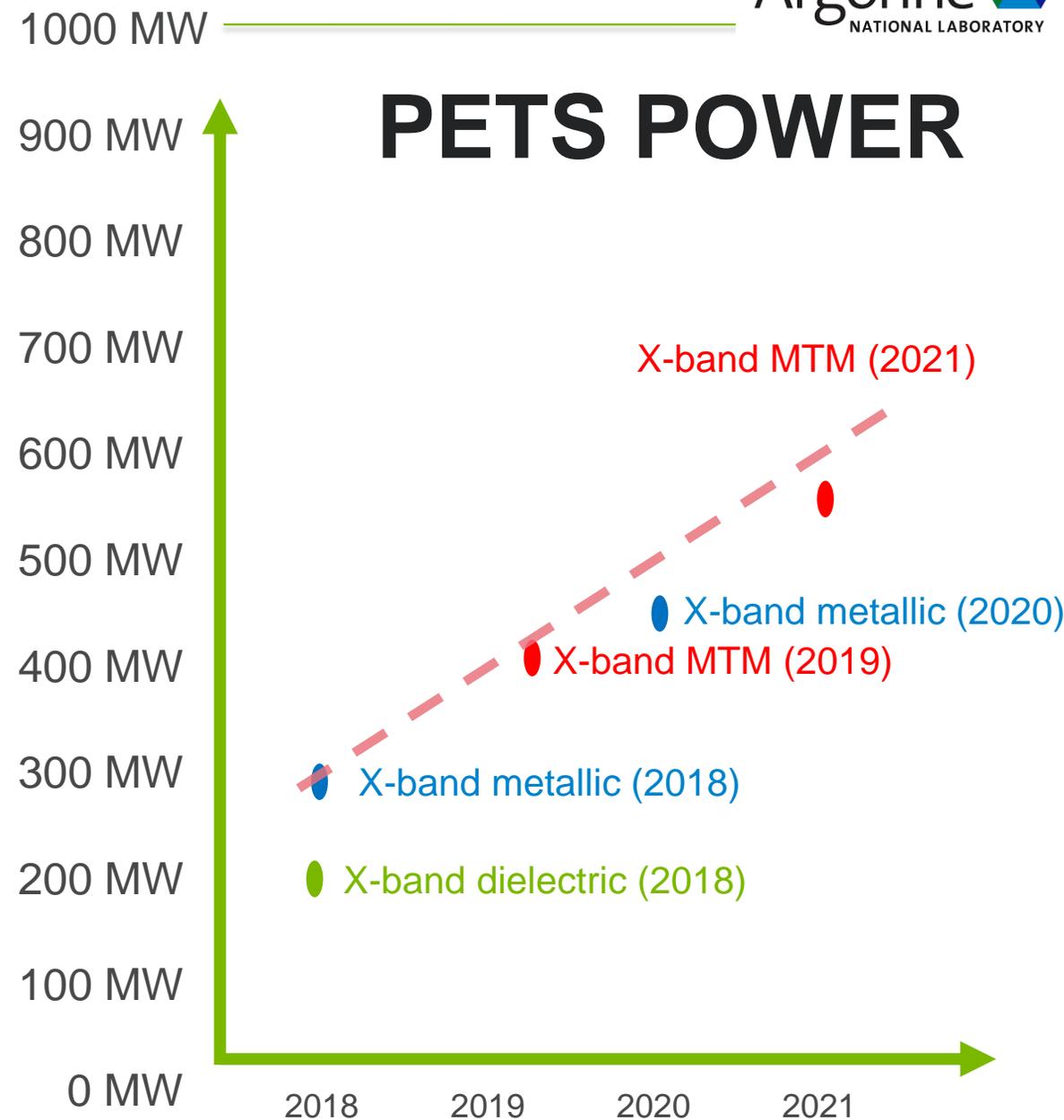


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ACCELERATION



PETS POWER



SWFA 15-YEAR ROADMAP

Integral Demonstrator

Key component

Milestone report

XFEL LC

2020-2025					2025-2030					2030-2035				
Main beam shaping R&D														
Advanced structure R&D														
High charge drive beam R&D														
100's MeV demonstrator														
					1 GeV w/ main bunch train demonstrator									
High efficiency klystron (Synergy efforts from CLIC/SLAC)														
										1 GeV high-efficiency module				
													AFLC CDR	
		CWA energy doubler												
High charge drive beam shaping R&D														
					XFEL CDR									
Roadmap of beyond 3 TeV collider and other near-term applications														

 **AWA-II facility upgrade**

* Depending on the available drive beam energy

SUMMARY

Strengthen collaboration between SWFA and HG Community

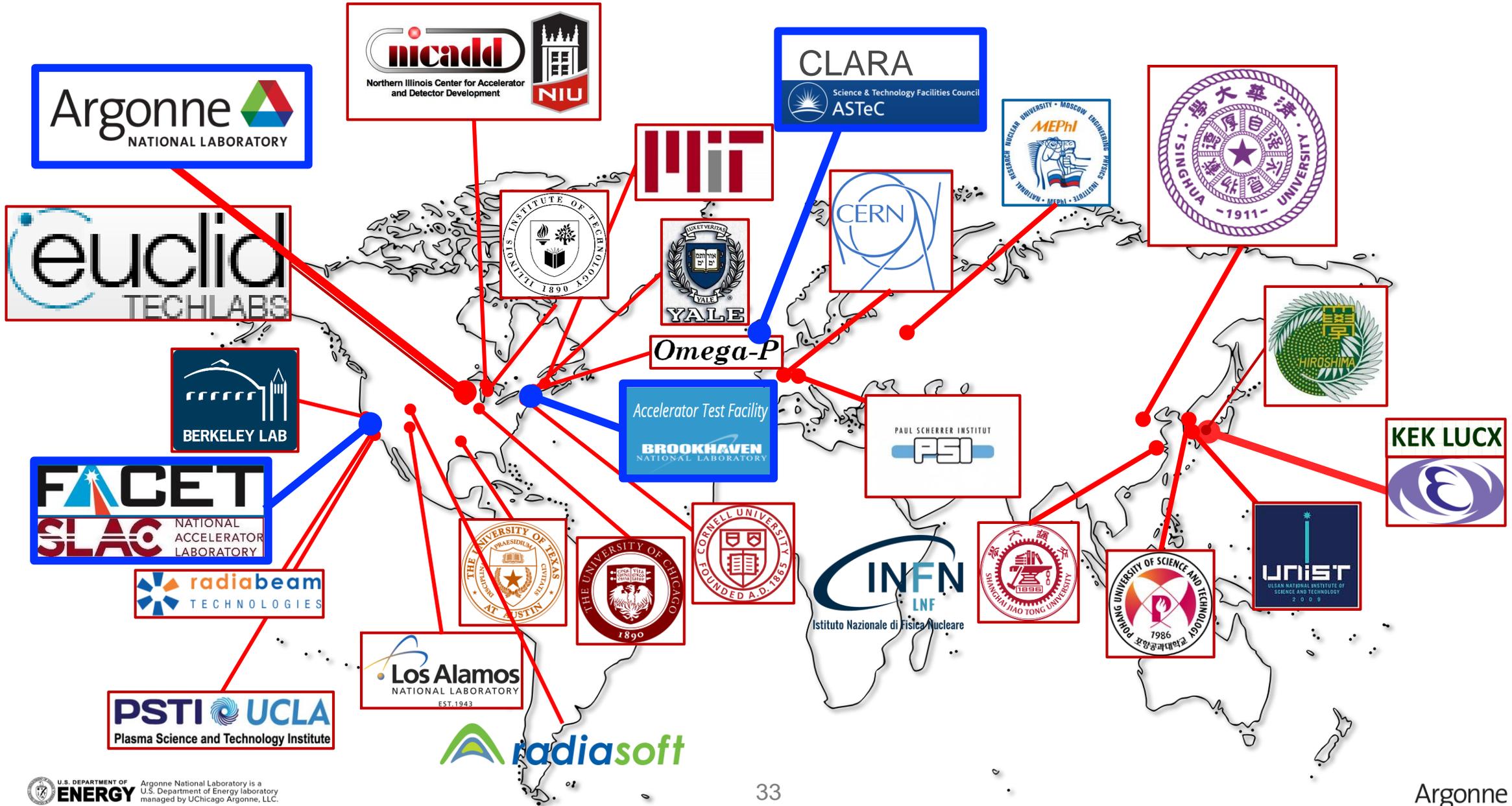
Short-pulse regime

- Exploring breakdown physics on short time scales (1-100ns)
- Applications
 - breakdown insensitive high-gradient regime
 - 400 MV/m X-band TW photocathode gun
 - 500 MW metamaterial power extractor

Many AWA activities not included today.

- Dielectric disk accelerator (Yelong Wei, CLIC, Tuesday)
- Brazeless structures (C. Jing, Euclid, Tuesday)
- Participation in Snowmass

THANKS TO SWFA GLOBAL COMMUNITY



OPEN POSITIONS AT AWA

INPIRES

Argonne Wakefield Accelerator Group: RF Physicist/Engineer position in Accelerator Physics (Advanced Accelerating Structure Focus) available at levels:

- **Postdoc:** <https://inspirehep.net/jobs/1851387>
- **Staff (junior scientist (RD2) to scientist (RD3)):** <https://inspirehep.net/jobs/1851101> levels.